CC HAND JOB HAND CLEANER

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SYNONYMS

PRODUCT USE

Hand cleaner.

SUPPLIER

Company: CC Products Pty Ltd
Address:
30-32 Boileau St
Keysborough
VIC 3173
Australia
Telephone: (03) 9701 6055
Fax: (03) 9701 5474

Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

STATEMENT OF HAZARDOUS NATURE

NON-HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

According to the Criteria of NOHSC, and the ADG Code.

POISONS SCHEDULE

None

RISK

SAFETY

Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>CAS RN</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>surfactants</td>
<td></td>
<td>10-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pumice</td>
<td>1332-09-8*</td>
<td>10-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>performance additives</td>
<td></td>
<td>&lt;10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

continued...
Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS...

water 7732-18-5 >40

Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

SWALLOWED
- If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.
- If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.
- Observe the patient carefully.
- Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.
- Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.
- Seek medical advice.

EYE
If this product comes in contact with the eyes:
- Wash out immediately with fresh running water.
- Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.
- If pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.
- Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.

SKIN
Wipe off excess with absorbent tissue or towel.
Seek medical attention if irritation occurs.

INHALED
- If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.
- Other measures are usually unnecessary.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN
Treat symptomatically.

Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA
There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES ...

FIRE FIGHTING
- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves for fire only.
- Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.
- Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.
- DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.
- Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.
- If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.
- Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.

FIRE/EXPLOSION HAZARD
- The material is not readily combustible under normal conditions.
- However, it will break down under fire conditions and the organic component may burn.
- Not considered to be a significant fire risk.
- Heat may cause expansion or decomposition with violent rupture of containers.
- Decomposes on heating and may produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).
- May emit acrid smoke.
- Decomposes on heating and produces toxic fumes of nitrogen oxides (NOx)

FIRE INCOMPATIBILITY
Avoid contamination with strong oxidising agents as ignition may result

HAZCHEM
None

Personal Protective Equipment
- Glasses:
  Not normally required.
- Gloves:
  1. BUTYL 2. NEOPRENE 3. VITON
- Respirator:
  Particulate

Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

MINOR SPILLS
- Clean up all spills immediately.
- Slippery when spilt.
- Wipe up.
- Place in clean drum then flush area with water.

continued...
Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES ...

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS.

Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

PROCEDURE FOR HANDLING

No special handling procedures required.

SUITABLE CONTAINER
- Polyethylene or polypropylene container.
- Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

STORAGE INCOMPATIBILITY
Avoid storage with oxidisers

STORAGE REQUIREMENTS
- Store in original containers.
- Keep containers securely sealed.
- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
- Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.
- Protect containers against physical damage and check regularly for leaks.
- Observe manufacturer's storing and handling recommendations.

Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE CONTROLS

None assigned. Refer to individual constituents.

EXPOSURE STANDARDS FOR MIXTURE
"Worst Case" computer-aided prediction of spray/ mist or fume/ dust components and concentration:

Composite Exposure Standard for Mixture (TWA) :10 mg/m³.
Operations which produce a spray/mist or fume/dust, introduce particulates to the breathing zone.
If the breathing zone concentration of ANY of the components listed below is exceeded, "Worst Case" considerations deem the individual to be overexposed.
Component Breathing Zone ppm Breathing Zone mg/m³ Mixture Conc (%)
Component Breathing Zone (mg/m³) (%) Mixture Conc (%)
pumice 10.0000 30.0

continued...
INGREDIENT DATA

PUMICE:
- TLV TWA: 10 mg/m³ (Value for particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, Inhalable fraction) [ACGIH]
- TLV TWA: 3 mg/m³ (Value for particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, Respirable fraction) [ACGIH]
- Dusts not otherwise classified, as inspirable dust;
- ES TWA: 10 mg/m³

WATER:
- No exposure limits set by NOHSC or ACGIH

PERSONAL PROTECTION

EYE
- No special equipment for minor exposure i.e. when handling small quantities.
  - OTHERWISE:
    - Safety glasses with side shields.
    - Contact lenses pose a special hazard; soft lenses may absorb irritants and all lenses concentrate them.

HANDS/FEET
- None under normal operating conditions.
  - Bare skin is cleaned with this material.

OTHER
- None under normal operating conditions.

GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the: "Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".
The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the computer-generated selection:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>CPI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>water</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BUTYL</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEOPRENE</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VITON</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PVA</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NATURAL RUBBER</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index
A: Best Selection
B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion
C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

continued...
Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION...

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -

* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as "feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

RESPIRATOR
Selection of the Class and Type of respirator will depend upon the level of breathing zone contaminant and the chemical nature of the contaminant. Protection Factors (defined as the ratio of contaminant outside and inside the mask) may also be important.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Breathing Zone Level ppm (volume)</th>
<th>Maximum Protection Factor</th>
<th>Half-face Respirator</th>
<th>Full-Face Respirator</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1000</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>-AUS P</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-AUS P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5000</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>Airline *</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5000</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-2 P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10000</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-3 P</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100+</td>
<td></td>
<td>Airline**</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* - Continuous Flow ** - Continuous-flow or positive pressure demand

The local concentration of material, quantity and conditions of use determine the type of personal protective equipment required. For further information consult site specific CHEMWATCH data (if available), or your Occupational Health and Safety Advisor.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS
None under normal operating conditions.

Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE
Brown viscous odourless liquid; mixes with water.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES
Liquid.
Mixes with water.

Molecular Weight: Not applicable
Boiling Range (°C): Not available
Melting Range (°C): Not available
Specific Gravity (water=1): 1.00
Solubility in water (g/L): Miscible
pH (as supplied): 7.5-8.0
pH (1% solution): Not available
Vapour Pressure (kPa): Not available
Volatile Component (%vol): Not available
Evaporation Rate: Not available
Relative Vapour Density (air=1): Not available
Flash Point (°C): Not applicable
Lower Explosive Limit (%): Not applicable
Upper Explosive Limit (%): Not applicable

continued...
Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Autoignition Temp (°C): Not available  
Decomposition Temp (°C): Not available  
State: Liquid

Section 10 - CHEMICAL STABILITY AND REACTIVITY INFORMATION

CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO INSTABILITY

- Presence of incompatible materials.  
- Product is considered stable.  
- Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS

SWALLOWED
Ingestion may result in nausea, abdominal irritation, pain and vomiting  
Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments

EYE
The liquid may produce eye discomfort causing smarting, pain and redness.

SKIN
Excessive use or prolonged contact may lead to defatting, drying and irritation of sensitive skin

INHALED
Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product

CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS
Principal hazards are accidental eye contact and cleaner overuse. Overuse or obsessive cleaner use may lead to defatting of the skin and may cause irritation, drying, cracking, leading to dermatitis.

CC Hand Job Hand Cleaner
Not available. Refer to individual constituents.  
unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances

PUMICE:
No data of toxicological significance identified in literature search.
Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION ...

WATER:
No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.

Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data for CC Hand Job Hand Cleaner.
Refer to data for ingredients, which follows:

PUMICE:
No data

WATER:
No data for water.

Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.
- Bury residue in an authorised landfill.
- Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

Section 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Shipping Name:
NONE
Dangerous Goods Class: None
UN/NA Number: None
ADR Number:
Packing Group: None
Labels Required:
Additional Shipping Information:
International Transport Regulations:
IMO: None

HAZCHEM

None

Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

POISONS SCHEDULE

None

continued...